

Values Of A

Maryland Environmental Human Rights Amendment

- ❖ The №ed for a Fundamental Constitutional Environmental Right The Strongest Protection Provided by a State
- ➤ In a state with siloed laws and lagging enforcement, a constitutional right would act as a true guardrail to prevent the most egregious forms of harmful state action now and for future generations.
- ➤ A constitutional right, as opposed to a regular law, would ensure that environmental protection is the highest obligation of the government, and not just an aspirational goal that could be amended at any point in time.
- ❖ A Heathier Place to Live Less Pollution Means Better Health
- As a constitutional guardian of our natural resources, Maryland state officials would be:
 (a) constitutionally obligated to protect the environment and its impact on the health of Marylanders, and (b) legally prevented from permitting egregious harm to public natural resources that would violate the constitutional right.
- > Every person deserves the fundamental right to a healthy and healthful environment.
- ❖ Greater Protections & Remedies for Communities Addressing Public Health Disparities
- ➤ When making decisions on new projects, the state would be obligated to address heavily degraded, overburdened, or polluted areas across the state.
- ➤ A MD Environmental Human Rights Amendment -- Green Amendment -- would empower all Marylanders, local communities and the state to enforce these fundamental rights.

"[C]limate change caused by increased greenhouse gas emissions poses severe threats to our environment and requires urgent governmental action...There is no such right [to a stable climate] in our State Constitution... These are solutions that must be effected through political branches of government, and not the judicial branch."

- Honorable Michael R. Scott, *King County Superior Court Judge*, Superior Court for the State of Washington For King County (Piper v. State of Washington)
- ❖ A Backstop for Better Decision Making A Smarter Way Forward
- This right would require state decision-makers to (a) consider the full extent of harm resulting from any given proposal and (b) consider whether a proposed project increases existing degradation considering both individual and cumulative impacts of harm.
- ➤ A MD Environmental Human Rights Amendment -- Green Amendment would provide backing for new laws that better protect the environment or the health of Marylanders.